## Kernel: SageMath 9.1

In [1]:	2 + 2 #Press Shift+Enter to evaluate this cell
Out[1]:	4
In [2]:	#Check an answer to a system of equations x = 12 y = 4
In [3]:	x+y == 16
Out[3]:	True
In [4]:	5 * x + 10 * y = 100
Out[4]:	True
In [19]:	A = Matrix([ [1,2,3,2], [2,5,3,2], [1,3,5,2], ])
In [20]:	<pre>#Reduced Row-Echelon Form A.rref()</pre>
Out[20]:	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 12/5 \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -4/5 \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 2/5 \end{bmatrix}$
In [21]:	B = Matrix([ [1,2], [0,3] ])
In [22]:	<pre>#Inverse B.inverse()</pre>
Out[22]:	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 \\ 0 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$
In [23]:	<pre>#Product of matrices B*B</pre>
Out[23]:	[1 8] [0 9]
In [3]:	A
Out[3]:	[1 2 3 2] [2 5 3 2] [1 3 5 2]
In [4]:	<pre>#Plotting vectors v = vector([1,2,3]); w=vector([2,3,1]); plot(v)+plot(w)</pre>
Out[4]:	

In [5]:	plot(v)	
Out[5]:		
		▼
In [3]:	A = matrix([ [1,1,1],	
	[1,2,x], [1,4,x <sup>2</sup> ],	
	])	
In [4]:	<pre>E_1 = matrix([        [1,0,0],        [-1,1,0],</pre>	
	[0,0,1] ])	
In [5]:	E_1*A	
Out[5]:	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \times -1 \end{bmatrix}$	
	[ 1 4 x^2]	
In [6]:	<pre>E_2 = matrix([     [1,0,0],</pre>	
	[1,0,0], [0,1,0],	

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	[-1,0,1] ])
In [7]:	E_2*E_1*A
Out[7]:	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & x - 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & x^2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
In [8]:	$E_3 = matrix([ [1,-1,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1]] ])$ $E_4 = matrix([ [1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,1,0], [0,-3,1]] ])$
In [9]:	E_4*E_3*E_2*E_1*A
Out[9]:	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -x + 2 \\ 0 & 1 & x - 1 \\ 0 & 0 & x^2 - 3^*x + 2 \end{bmatrix}$
In [0]:	